

# NEWSLETTER

DIVISION OF CLINICAL AND ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY

May 1949

Vol. 2, No. 4

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## PSYCHOTHERAPY QUESTIONNAIRE

The questionnaire of the Committee on Psychotherapy brought very high returns and contains data of importance for the professional situation of clinical psychology which cannot be overestimated.

The analysis of the questionnaire costs \$1,000, which the Division does not have, which the A.P.A. refused to give, and for which outside sources can hardly be approached without breaking the confidential character of this questionnaire. The participants of the meeting of the broader Executive Committee offered \$295 in personal contributions, and an additional \$35 was since received. The Executive Committee appeals to the membership for voluntary contributions to cover the missing \$670. Send your contribution to the Secretary's Office (Austen Riggs Foundation, Stockbridge, Massachusetts) at your earliest convenience.

## MINUTES OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee met in Chicago on April 4, from 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., with President Wechsler in the chair. All members of the Executive Committee, with the exception of Dr. Shaffer, were present. In addition, the following representing the committees were present for all or part of the meeting: Anne Roe, Assistant Secretary (Chair. Post-Doctoral Education); Robert Watson (Chair. Auditing Committee); Arthur Benton (Diagnostic Devices); Joseph Bobbitt (Job Opportunities); Simon Tulchin (Private Practice); Saul Rosenzweig (Joint Committee with the Division of Personality and Social Psych.); Pauline Sears (Professional Relations); Leon Pennington (Teaching Clinical Psych.) and Peter Blos (Therapy). An abstract of the committee reports and minutes of the meeting follows.

### REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT

Dr. Wechsler summarized the business in the President's Office since the last meeting of the Executive Committee. This included a report on correspondence with the Executive Secretary of the A.P.A. for nominees to serve on the Committee for Graduate Training in Clinical Psychology; correspondence with the Public Health Service for names of experts who could advise the Service on the construction of psychological tests to be used in the examination of aliens seeking admission to this country. Also presented was a request from Dr. Peatman, the Chairman of the Policy and Planning Board of the A.P.A. for organizational suggestions. Recommended for

the first panel were George Kelly, Robert Challman, and William Hunt; for the second, Edgar Doll, David Wechsler, and Harold E. Jones. The Executive Committee added Arthur Benton to the nominees for the second panel. The President reported on the licensing situation in the State of New York and asked for an expression on the role which the Division could take in this and other state situations. After some discussion it was decided that there was no appropriate step for the Division to take now. The problem of the relationship of the Division to the A.P.A. was presented in connection with letters from Wolfle and Cofer concerning coordination (see below). The suggestion of the A.P.A. in response to our last request for further coordination of committee work was considered unsatisfactory and it is felt that routine channels of information are needed. It was decided to send the A.P.A. a list of the A.P.A. Committees in whose activities the Division is interested.

Excerpts from letters of Dr. Dael Wolfle and Dr. Charles Cofer:

"The Board of Directors of the A.P.A. considered various ways in which it might be possible to secure more effective and regular coordination of the interests and activities of committees of the A.P.A. and committees of the Division of Clinical and Abnormal Psychology. In general it was the feeling of the Board members that, to a considerable extent, such coordination would be most effective at a somewhat informal level through overlapping membership and through the fact that a number of members of the Division of Clinical and Abnormal Psychology serve on the boards and committees of the A.P.A."

"In addition, as a means of providing more formal liaison between the Division and the Association as a whole, the Board suggests that memoranda from appropriate committees be sent to the Secretary of the other body. Memoranda from the committees of the A.P.A. would be sent to the Secretary of your Division, and memoranda from appropriate committees within the Division would be sent to me. . . . Securing further information and the making of more detailed plans for collaboration can then be worked out as the specific situations warrant."

"This letter is written in compliance with the request of Dr. Wechsler that the Divisional Committee Chairmen critically appraise the work of the Division and make constructive suggestions.

"Divisional functions are not entirely clear to me, mainly in regard to what is our business and what is A.P.A.'s. I think some time should be devoted to working out a detailed statement of Division functions. . . . .

"It is apparently the Committees of the Division which will do most of the professional work of the Division. At the present time the budgetary proportion (85%) devoted to administration of the Division seems to me out of line in view of the importance of Committee work. There may be too many Committees. I should think that the Committee structure should be evaluated in respect to the Division functions and perhaps modified accordingly. It might be rather useful to arrange Divisional representation on certain Committees of A.P.A. rather than have parallel committees both of A.P.A. and of the Division.

"I have a feeling, difficult to verbalize, that the Division assumes an importance in official statements which the Membership, in general, does not recognize. This may or may not be bad. There is a question in my mind whether A.P.A. loyalty or Divisional loyalty should be primary, and I think this problem could be cleared up somewhat by a statement of Division functions."

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY

The Secretary's report stressed the increased routine burden of the office, and the difficulties incident to sluggish response from Committee members. Considerable discussion of means for improving committee work ensued. It was decided that newly elected members of the Executive Committee should be invited to meet with the current

ones at the time of the Annual Convention in order to consider tentatively actions to be ratified at the first official meeting of the new Executive Committee. It is hoped that the new committee slates will thus be drawn up at the first meeting of the Executive Committee so that old and new committees also can meet jointly at that time.

#### REPORT OF THE TREASURER

The Auditing Committee warns about the budgetary item, "Newsletter". Since the 8-page Newsletter No. 3, Vol. 2, cost us \$79.00, we can assume that we can issue six 8-page Newsletters, or three 16-page Newsletters, or four 12-page Newsletters, from the remaining sum, all this provided that the assessments all come in or that no special savings in any categories will be feasible.

The total receipts of dues and assessments as of February 28 was \$3,121.50 as against the expected \$4,405. Between February 28 and March 25, \$233 further assessments were received. Outstanding assessments: \$1,060.50.

<u>Budget and Expenses</u>	<u>Recommended Present Budget</u>	<u>Expenses to Date</u>
Secretary half-time	\$1,320.00	\$585.00
Newsletters	1,000.00	509.45
Committee work expenses	700.00	37.29
Printing, stationary, office supplies & miscellaneous	500.00	66.90
Postage, telephone & telegraph	500.00	240.20
Executive Committee & Mid-year meeting	435.00	329.11
		\$1,767.95
Plus Psychotherapy Committee Expense		117.20
Total Expenditures September-February		<u>\$1,885.15</u>

#### Income and Balance

Balance of carry-over for the year 1947-1948 as of December 1, 1948	\$ 146.54
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Total Receipts from Assessments and Dues as of December 1, 1948	1,733.00
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Total Receipts from Assessments December 1, 1948 - February 28, 1949	1,388.50
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Total Cash Received	\$3,268.04
Less Bills Paid as of February 28, 1949	1,885.15
Balance	<u>\$1,382.89</u>

Considerable discussion was given to the problem of operating on a small budget and the work that is being neglected because of a lack of funds. (It should be noted that there were no funds available for this meeting and that those attending did so at their own expense.) Consideration was given to the possibility of getting increased funds in the future. It is clear that part of the difficulty is the fact that the membership as a whole is not yet clearly aware of the professional needs which can only be met by organizational activities, and the cost of these, and attention was given to means of presenting the situation adequately to the membership.

A letter from Dr. Lindsley questioning the legality of the assessment made last year was considered. There was agreement that a minimal budget requires the same assessment for the coming year as was voted for the current year but that an increase will not be requested. It was moved and carried that the present assessment be regarded as having been legally approved since the action at the membership meeting was in accordance with the by-laws; that no request for a further increase be made for the coming year; and that the suggestion be made to the incoming Executive Committee that any change in assessment be guided or decided by polling the membership by mail. The A.P.A. Office offered the Division an addressograph for \$300. A motion to purchase it was defeated in view of the financial condition of the Division.

Committee reports and the discussion in connection with each are abstracted below. It was moved and carried in each instance that the report be accepted.

AUDITING (Robert Watson, Chairman): The Treasurer's Report was found to be accurate. The report discusses the expenditures for the Newsletter and suggests prior determination of expected committee expenditures. Discussion of the suggestion of reducing the Newsletter to 6 instead of 7 issues highlighted the functions of the Newsletter and it was agreed that it would be better to reduce the size of each issue than to reduce the number of issues. It was also suggested that committee reports be shortened for publication. (This has been done in this issue).

JOINT COMMITTEE WITH THE DIVISION OF PERSONALITY (Saul Rosenzweig, Chairman):

A joint program at the A.P.A. meeting on Projective Techniques and Perceptual Dynamics has been suggested. Discussion of the attitude of the Division on the establishment of a new Division, on Psychoanalysis, was invited. The Executive Committee agreed that it should not offer advice or suggestions unless requested to do so by the group in question and that further discussion of the effect of such a movement on this Division be deferred.

PROFESSIONAL RELATIONS (Ruth Tolman, Chairman): The Committee would like to direct another questionnaire to those psychologists who are members of the Clinical Division but who do not work in hospitals or clinics. Such a questionnaire might be briefer than the earlier one, but it should cover the uses made of workers in other professions by psychologists and vice versa and it should inquire about the atmosphere in which these contacts are made. On the basis of the replies, articles should be published describing the functions of clinical psychologists and their interprofessional relations in a variety of situations, especially in those where psychologists do not work directly with psychiatrists in hospitals or clinics.

Some members of the Committee believe that further study should be made of the attitudes of social workers in clinics where they and psychologists are working together and also of psychologists' conceptions of these attitudes. The earlier study indicated that relations of psychologists with social workers were less cordial than those with psychiatrists and needed further understanding.

The Committee is continuing to work closely with the Public Relations Committee of the A.P.A. The Committee requested \$120 for expenses on the proposed questionnaire. After all committee needs were considered, this appropriation was approved.

PSYCHOTHERAPY (Stanley Estes, Chairman): The major problem of this Committee has been the securing of funds for the analysis of the questionnaire. The preliminary steps have included development of the code, and application of it to a few small samples. This has disclosed that the material which is coming out of it is of very considerable importance to the profession, but that it should probably not be circulated generally. Because of this it seems inadvisable to request assistance from any organization which

might wish to make such information available to other groups. Discussion: The Executive Committee was of the unanimous opinion that the material now buried in these questionnaires is of the first importance, and that it should be extracted at whatever cost. The preliminary work has cost about \$100 and this was voted from the Division funds. About \$1,000 is needed. The A.P.A. was asked for the amount, but refused. It was decided that the Committee should go ahead with the analysis of the questionnaire at once and the officers were authorized to obtain a loan for the purpose of analyzing the data. (For further decisions, see front page announcement.)

PRIVATE PRACTICE (Simon Tulchin, Chairman): The Committee feels that a canvass of the membership is essential to obtain the needed preliminary information regarding type and prevalence of private practice. It is suggested that a postcard be circulated to obtain this. This was considered a feasible and important step, and the necessary funds were voted. A letter from Dr. Abt requested information on malpractice insurance for psychologists. It was agreed that this Committee should quietly and informally obtain legal information on the question and then get information as to how many members of the Division feel that there is a problem in this area.

MEMBERSHIP (Robert Challman, Chairman): 106 applications for membership were processed by the Secretary's Office and sent to the Membership Committee. The new membership application blank is near to completion, but will not be ready for use this year.

Illness, particularly mental illness, in respect to applicants for membership was discussed. A motion was generally approved to the effect that a person should not be excluded from membership by reason of illness as long as the illness does not manifest itself in unethical activities. The motion was not voted upon, as it was felt better to consider each case on its merits and not bind the Committee.

The problem of various kinds of affiliates was discussed, and three motions were carried: (1) That the Secretary inform all affiliates who are members or student affiliates of the A.P.A., and people who are Division affiliates, that they can no longer continue as members of the Clinical Division because of general A.P.A. policy. The student affiliates will be informed that they may reapply as affiliates of the A.P.A., although not of the Division. (2) That Division affiliates shall be persons who are competent in related fields but do not qualify or do not wish for Division membership as associates or fellows. (3) That the by-laws of the Division be revised to conform with the above motions. The revision is to be sent to Dr. Shakow as chairman of the Nominating Committee for the final draft. There was discussion of the admission of people holding the M.D. degree and not the Ph.D. to membership as follows: it was generally agreed that such people should be considered on the same basis as other applicants without Ph.D.'s. Three recommendations were approved: (1) That associates who have the Ph.D. degree in other, allied, fields, who are primarily engaged in psychological work, and who have published psychological research, be admitted to fellowship. (2) That associates who have the M.A. degree, who are over 35 and unlikely to become candidates for the Ph.D., and who have made outstanding research contributions in clinical psychology, be admitted to fellowship. (3) That associates who have obtained the Ph.D. degree within the previous year but have worked for at least ten years in clinical psychology, who are over 35 and are otherwise acceptable, be admitted to fellowship; in this case the published research may have been done before obtaining the Ph.D.

NOMINATIONS AND ELECTIONS (David Shakow, Chairman) The nominating ballot was enclosed with the February Newsletter, with a deadline of March 1. Because of the late mailing and slow return of ballots, this was extended to March 15. In all, 173 ballots were returned and counted, and the nominees rank-ordered. Nominations from each Committee member were also ranked for preference. The final list of nominees was made

by taking alternately in rank order a nomination made by the Members nominating ballot and a nomination made by the Committee. The highest ranking persons of the final list in the number indicated by the by-laws were designated as nominees and the others in rank order as alternates. This list was sent to the Executive Secretary of the A.P.A. for action. The Committee recommended that in the future, ballots go out as early in January as possible since this year and last year the ballot was received by many too late for voting; that the ballot be revised in form and include by-law and other pertinent information and that the names of incumbents for the preceding two years be given. A letter from Martha Erickson about some of the difficulties of membership participation, particularly with respect to making nominations, was discussed. A recommendation in addition to those contained in the report was submitted to the effect that a list of fellows and associates be sent with the ballot. A motion was passed that the recommendations contained in the report be approved and that the recommendation about the membership list to be sent with the ballot be considered by the Secretary. The suggestion was made that a statement be put on the ballot to the effect that biographies of the candidates could be found in the A.P.A. Directory.

PROGRAM (Carl Rogers, Chairman): The call for program participation, published in the last issue of the Newsletter, has brought in a number of proposals. In general, present plans include the following time allotments: Monday morning and afternoon a symposium on professional problems is planned. On Tuesday morning a demonstration of therapeutic procedures is planned. Tuesday afternoon is planned for research papers. Wednesday morning is planned for demonstrations of diagnostic procedures. On Wednesday afternoon a symposium is planned, topic yet to be selected. Research papers will be given Thursday morning, and Thursday afternoon there will be interest groups. Friday morning there will be a joint symposium with another division. It should be stressed that all of these plans are very tentative and depend upon the proposals submitted. Another physical meeting of the Committee was set for April 28, at which time it was hoped to set the final program. The question was raised as to how far the Committee should go in stimulating symposia, and the suggestion was made that the Committee may organize groups and suggest papers.

JOB OPPORTUNITIES (Joseph Bobbitt, Chairman): Through the resources of several government agencies, the Committee expects to have secured by fall the following information: (1) The number of clinical psychologists currently employed by the states, exclusive of those assigned to mental hospitals, and the number of such positions to be added by June 30, 1950. A considerable expansion in this field can be expected, because authority exists to increase the level of Federal support to states (amounts to be matched by the state) for this purpose to a total of \$10,000,000 a year. (2) The present employment of clinical psychologists by training centers and the anticipated staff increase in the next year. (3) The number of clinical psychology jobs in the Federal government and anticipated future requirements. In each group an effort will be made to secure data on salaries and conditions of employment. The additional suggestion was made that the Committee investigate the area of industrial psychology overlapping with clinical psychology, and the job opportunities in state hospitals.

EXAMINATIONS IN CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY (Robert Holt, Chairman): A.B.E.E.P. has requested the Committee to yield to them in favor of their own efforts to construct an examination and to make available to them the results of the Committee's work to date. This has been done. The Committee is presently re-examining its functions, but it seems that those originally suggested for it are appropriate. Lively discussion of the general problem of examinations in the clinical field eventuated from this report. It should be noted that there is great divergence of views in this respect, and some fear that premature examinations will crystallize the content of the field too soon; that they are likely to test in terms of knowledge accepted at the time the examiners were trained, which may be out-dated; that they are likely to focus on intellectual

knowledge and do not test for personality traits and other qualities and qualifications that make for a good clinical psychologist. Others felt that some measures of knowledge are predictive; that examinations are needed for professional reasons, and that the questions will be changed as the field changes.

RESEARCH COMMITTEE (Robert Harris, Chairman): The Committee has established liaison with the following organizations: The Research Committees of the American Psychiatric Association and of the Group for the Advancement of Psychiatry, The Research Study Section of the National Advisory Council, U.S.P.H.S., the Committee on Public Service Standards and Social Psychological Research of S.P.S.S.I., and the Policy and Planning Board of the A.P.A. (informally in this case). The Committee is planning a symposium for the Denver meeting on research needs, and is considering issuing a series of memoranda suggesting profitable areas of research. We are also investigating the current status of the Research Exchange proposed by Irwin and the reluctance of people to participate. If funds can be made available, the Committee will be happy to develop a list of sources of financial aid for research projects in clinical psychology. The Committee requests consideration of the inadequacies of journals in the field. A recommendation was made that the Program Committee get in touch with this Committee. The recommendation that a list of sources for possible research grants be published was approved. The problem of the need for a new journal in clinical psychology was raised by the Committee and discussed at some length. It was suggested that a strong recommendation be made to the Publications Committee of the A.P.A. that this field is not adequately quantitatively represented among the A.P.A. journals; stressing the need for an additional vehicle centrally focussed on clinical psychology. It was pointed out that the Journal of Consulting Psychology does not fill this need, and that it is hard for the clinical psychologist to keep track of research in his field because it is scattered through many journals. A motion was passed that Drs. Wechsler, Rogers and Loutitt formulate a statement and notify Dr. Shaffer of the action that is being taken.

POSTDOCTORAL EDUCATION (Anne Roe, Chairman): Because of the unexpectedly large number of policy problems encountered and the inadvisability of proceeding without official decision on them, the establishment of refresher courses at the Annual Meeting planned for this fall has been postponed for a year. It is hoped that the matters of policy involved can be discussed at the Annual Meeting. In the discussion of the problems involved, it was agreed that cooperation of the local university would be desirable. The U.S.P.H.S. has proposed an area program for such training in which associated faculties from various institutions in a given area would combine to train a small number of people, but this does not meet the same need for which the refresher courses have been proposed. There was discussion as to whether outside funds should be sought. It was proposed that the best procedure would be to formulate plans, with the intent of handling the financial problem within the Division, but that the Public Health Service be kept informed so that if necessary a request for funds might be made on a well prepared ground.

AD HOC COMMITTEE OF THE A.P.A. ON LICENSING (Anne Roe, Representative): It was reported that there had been no meeting of this Committee. A telegram urging immediate action was sent to Dr. Wolfe by the Executive Committee. In this connection, the following motion was moved and carried: The Executive Committee considers it inadvisable for psychologists to act as individuals in working with a group of members of another profession in matters that concern the profession of psychology as a whole. In this connection, the problem of psychologists invited to such institutions as G.A.P. and Macy Foundation Conferences was brought up. There was general agreement that such participation could not be criticized as long as the psychologists involved make it clear that they represent only themselves and not official thought. The concensus was that if the situation is one which calls for formal

group action—that is, any action which should be endorsed by psychologists as a group—opinion should be referred back to the official group of psychologists before being passed on to outside groups. Where the psychologist represents only himself and not a group, any report issuing from such a conference should contain a statement to that effect. A letter to Dr. Wechsler from Dr. A. W. Combs, president-elect of the New York State Psychological Association in regard to licensing problems was read and discussed. The consensus of the group as to the way in which the Division could be helpful in such problems was that opportunity for consultation could be offered through the Ad Hoc Committee.

DIAGNOSTIC DEVICES (Arthur L. Benton, Chairman): The Committee is collaborating with that on Clinical Training in a survey of the use of diagnostic devices and with the Program Committee on preparing a session devoted to diagnostic devices at the Denver meeting. The Committee requested advice on two possible projects: (a) consideration of ethical problems involved in construction and marketing of diagnostic devices, e.g., copyright, priority claims, etc., and (b) consideration of minimal standards to be observed in the introduction of a new diagnostic device, e.g., demonstration of alleged validity, reliability, etc. The objection to the latter was made that the right to propose and describe procedure, even to sell materials, should be independent of standards of validation; it is up to the editors of the journals to exercise discretion in publication of such materials. It was the sense of the Committee that these are two important problems and that exploration is called for.

TEACHING OF CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY (Charles Cofer, Chairman): A survey of diagnostic devices in use is planned jointly with the Committee on Diagnostic Devices. The chairmen of these two committees are considering the writing of technique manuals for the simpler devices. The Committee is considering the problems of the development of the case materials for teaching and the observation of mental patients to obtain case material. The sub-committee on Audio-Visual Aids (E. Katz, Chairman) is investigating present use of such aids, and has contributed a list of suitable films in clinical psychology to the Newsletter. The committee asked the Executive Committee to discuss the problem of its precise functions, and the advisability of working officially with a publisher on an integrated series of books for teaching in this field. It was the feeling of those present that the Committee should not work officially with any individual publisher in the development of textbooks, but it is hoped that the Committee members will do so as individuals. The problem of Committee functions was subsumed under the more general discussion of relations with A.P.A. committees. With regard to case material and audio-visual aids, the Executive Committee agreed on expression of confidence in the aims of the Committee on Teaching.

BUDGET: A tentative budget for funds for the various committees was drawn up:

Psychotherapy	\$100
Professional Rel.	120
Program	150
Postdoctoral	10
Private Practice	20
Research	50
Membership	30
	<u>\$480</u>

SOCIAL: It was agreed that the Program Committee should set a time and make arrangements for a cocktail party and social meeting of the Division at the 1949 A.P.A. meeting. A motion was carried that the date for the next meeting of the Executive Committee be September 4 at 6:00 p.m.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS: Dr. Cofer's letter of March 25 (see p. 2) was brought up but not discussed because of lack of time, and it was agreed to put it on the agenda for the next meeting.

### NEWS ITEMS

#### MEETING OF COMMITTEE MEMBERS AND OTHER DIVISION MEMBERS AT THE E.P.A.

All members of Division Committees living in the region, and all interested members of the Division, were invited to a meeting on April 8 at 4:00 p.m. in connection with the meeting of the Eastern Psychological Association. The following committees were represented: Diagnostic Devices (Bell, Schafer), Private Practice (Zawadski), Research (Hanfmann, McKinnon), Teaching (Cofer, Machover), Therapy (Estes), and Estes acted as chairman of the meeting. In addition about thirty other members of the Division were present and participated in the discussion. It was apparent that the committees have interlocking functions to a considerable extent and it is felt that this general discussion has helped greatly. Some problems discussed: coding and pilot studies for questionnaires; test reports as teaching devices; publishing of new techniques in the developmental stage to expedite additional research; material for Ph.D. candidates; an organized research exchange set-up and the need for collaborative research; ethical problems concerning construction, marketing and naming of diagnostic devices; the problem of uniformity in diagnostic devices; the difficulties of the questionnaire on psychotherapy. The discussion points up the variety of contributions that active committees can make to the profession. Similar meetings are planned in connection with the meetings of the Midwestern and the Western Psychological Associations. It is hoped that many members will be present.

#### APPROVAL OF UNIVERSITIES

The attention of the membership is called to problems arising out of the approval of universities for training by the Committee on Training in Clinical Psychology of the A.P.A. A major issue is the publication or non-publication of the names of the approved and non-approved schools. It is obviously a very difficult problem and one with which all clinical psychologists are concerned. Some of the arguments pro and con are summarized below:

Pro: Publication is in the interest of student and public; it has been done by other professions, and since the A.P.A. is evaluating schools, publication is expected; it gives a department effective professional opinion for use with the administration;

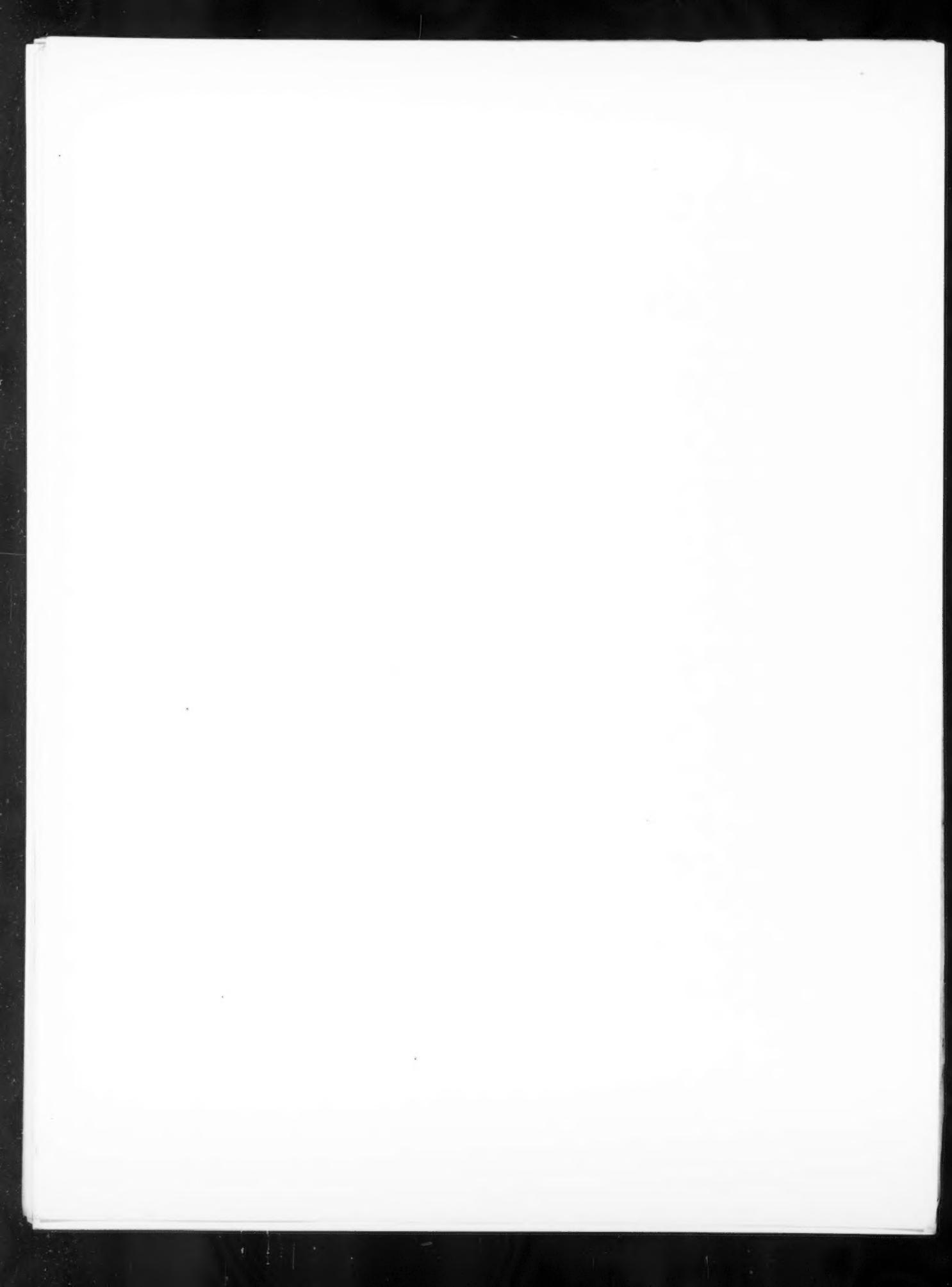
Con: Publication of evaluation gives too much power to the Committee; schools disagreeing in principle with the Committee on Training are placed in a difficult position if they refuse to be evaluated; privately informing the university of its standing would have the effect of improving standards.

This is only one of many difficult problems which are arising as a result of the expanding field of clinical psychology, and is illustration of the importance of professional organizations and the need for effective membership participation to prevent any possible concentration of power in the hands of too small a group.

### AUDIO-VISUAL AIDS SECTION

Edited by Elias Katz, Ph.D., Chairman, Sub-Committee on Audio-Visual Aids, Committee on Teaching of Clinical Psychology.

The following are brief descriptions of audio-visual aids of interest to clinical psychologists.



EMOTIONAL HEALTH. 16 mm. sound, black-and-white film. 21 min., (McGraw-Hill) This film deals with emotional upsets in young people and the need for professional consultation. The basic techniques of psychiatric treatment are explained in simplified language. A young man suffering from an overactive heart and an upset stomach is shocked at the recommendation of his physician that he consult a psychiatrist. However, the doctor explains that emotional upsets frequently result in bodily disorders and that a psychiatrist is best qualified to diagnose and treat such conditions. The subject reluctantly, and then with growing confidence, undergoes psychiatric treatment, which brings to light and dispels a deep-seated and hitherto unknown fear.

THE FEELING OF REJECTION. 16 mm. sound, black-and-white film. 23 min. (National Film Board of Canada, 620 Fifth Avenue, New York 20, N.Y.) Margaret, at 23, is afraid to stand up for herself in ordinary situations at home and at work. The film illustrates childhood experiences which contributed to her failure to develop into a self-reliant adult. Through discussions with a psychiatrist and through group-psychotherapy, she gains an understanding of the origin of her difficulties and becomes able to take part with confidence and satisfaction in the world of her fellow-men.

THE FEELING OF HOSTILITY. 16 mm. sound black-and-white film. 32 min. (National Film Board of Canada, 620 Fifth Avenue, New York 20, N.Y.) Death of one parent, resulting in over-dependence on the remaining parent, and the latter's re-marriage discourage the child, Clare, of giving love and seeking relationships with others. Fearful of further hurt in such efforts, and finding some satisfaction in others' approval due to her intellectual ability, it becomes very important to Clare to excel, to beat all comers. Thus in college and business life she makes a rapid climb but despite success feels the lack of fellowship and understanding. The film in showing causes, encourages a wider familiarity with a problem which is all too often a source of friction.

TESTING THE I.Q. 16 mm. silent black-and-white film. 12 min. (Psychology Dept., Columbia University.)

This film was designed to take the place of a classroom demonstration of the administration of the Revised Stanford-Binet Intelligence Test and the calculation of the I.Q. After a brief explanatory introduction, the film shows the administration of Form L to a five year old child. For the sake of brevity, only the tests passed are shown, starting with the 4 year level and running up to the 7 year level. Close-ups at appropriate points show the actual use of the testing material much more clearly than is possible in a demonstration. Interspersed titles and tables show the scoring standards and finally the calculations of the I.Q.

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The Committee on private practice in Clinical Psychology will appreciate your cooperation in promptly replying to the questions on the enclosed postcard. Please do so even if you have previously replied to a similar questionnaire.